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Manufacturers of the Largest and Most Efficient  
Centrifugal Pumping Machinery

In the world, suitable for all purposes, including

RECLAMATION, DRAINAGE, IRRIGATION, SEWAGE WORKS, GRAVING & FLOATING DOCKS, MINES, & ALL MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

These Pumps can be driven by Steam, Gas, Oil, Water, Electricity, or other power, for lifts of from 1 ft. to 500 ft., and from 5 to 500,000 G.H.P.s & Minns. Makers of the Max Pump.

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2018-20.9.204



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### NOTICE.

Mr. P. P. Green is the Correspondent of the Egyptian Gazette at Cairo.  
All communications for him should be addressed to Fenton Water, Sharq-el-Manak.

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In Sterling Silver,  
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Provisions, Wines, Cigars,  
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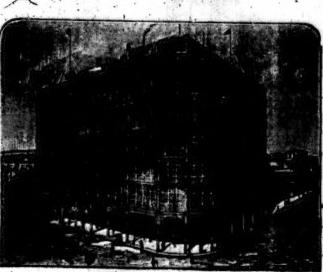
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FIRST CLASS HEALTH RESORT with all "Sanatorium" Advantages. Unrivalled position on the Mokattam Hills 96 metres above the Nile surrounded by desert. Every modern appliance. Illustrated Prospectus sent free on application. 24080-80-11-904



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First Class Hotel.

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## TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

## NORTH SEA OUTRAGE.

## UNIVERSAL INDIGNATION.

## A DISGRACE TO RUSSIA.

## GOVERNMENT'S ACTION.

## TSAR'S SYMPATHY WITH VICTIMS.

## THE KING'S SORROW.

LONDON, October 25. The King has telegraphed to the Mayor of Hull expressing his profound sorrow at the unwarrantable action which has been committed against the fishing fleet. His Majesty has given two hundred guineas amongst the families of the sufferers.

Mr. Balfour, in reply to the Mayor's appeal that strong measures should be taken, said: "You may have full confidence in the Government's action." The indignation throughout the country is of the most intense kind.

## PROTESTS TO FOREIGN OFFICE.

The associations of trawler owners at various ports have sent strongly-worded protests to the Foreign Office.

The papers declare that an apology and compensation are inadequate. Russia must be made to punish the guilty officers, and to interrupt the voyage of the Baltic Fleet.

## MISSING TRAWLERS FOUND.

All the missing trawlers are now accounted for.

## RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR HOOED.

Count Benckendorff has arrived from Germany. A small crowd hooted at the station, and a youth attempted to break the windows of the carriage.

## TO THE PEOPLE OF ENGLAND.

Count Benckendorff has authorized the *Daily News* to inform the people of England that he is absolutely certain the occurrence was a deplorable accident, which was regretted by himself and his country.

## INDIGNATION OF FOREIGN PRESS.

Universal indignation is expressed in the foreign Press. The German papers describe the Baltic Fleet as a disgrace to Russia, and as being in danger, if they ever reach Japanese waters, of being sent to the bottom like paper boats.

## (Reuter.)

## NEWS SUPPRESSED IN RUSSIA.

## ST. PETERSBURG, October 25.

The Censor suppressed the news of the North Sea incident: the morning papers published nothing whilst the evening editions reported a collision which resulted in the sinking of two trawlers.

Sir A. Hardinge, on his own initiative, asked for an explanation from Count Lamadoff, who replied that his only information was derived from the London telegrams, and that the Naval Headquarters had not received any report from the Baltic Fleet.

## (Reuter.)

## THE BRITISH DEMANDS.

## LONDON, October 25.

Lord Lansdowne has demanded due apologies from Russia, compensation for the sufferers, prompt enquiry into the incident, and the punishment of those who are responsible.

## RUSSIAN PRESS APOLOGETIC.

The Russian Press is disposed to be apologetic but thinks that the trawlers must, somehow or other, have been at fault.

The French papers are convinced that Russia will comply with the British demands.

## ORDERS TO BRITISH FLEETS.

(Official). As a measure of precaution, immediately the news of the incident was received, preliminary orders for mutual support and co-operation were issued by the Admiralty to the Channel, Mediterranean, and Home fleets.

## (Reuter.)

## THE TSAR'S REGRETS.

## ST. PETERSBURG, October 25.

The Tsar has telegraphed to the King, expressing his deep regret, and his condolences with the families of the victims. He says he has not received any news from Admiral Rojestvensky, but he could only attribute the incident to a very regrettable misunderstanding. He will take steps to afford complete satisfaction to the sufferers as soon as the circumstances are cleared up.

## BRITISH NOTE.

Sir A. Hardinge has presented a strongly-worded Note detailing all the circumstances of the incident. He dwelt upon the inhumanity displayed in not assisting the victims and intimated the presentation of the demands already mentioned, which were reserved pending the reply.

## (Reuter.)

## A TERRIBLE MISTAKE.

## London, October 25.

Lord Lansdowne and Count Benckendorff had a long interview today.

Count Benckendorff informed Reuter's Agent he was convinced that when the facts which

the Embassy telegraphed yesterday evening and to-day reach St. Petersburg, the whole difficulty will disappear. The entire affair is a terrible mistake, which is at present inexplicable, and it is the more regrettable because the relations between the two countries were becoming more cordial.

(Reuter.)

## ARRIVAL OF THE "SNIPE".

## HULL, October 25.

The trawler *Snipe* has arrived here with two of the wounded who are on board the *Crane*. She herself is badly damaged.

(Reuter.)

## ST. PETERSBURG, October 25.

The Tsar has telegraphed his deep regret at the Hull fishers' incident.

(Havas.)

## ANGLO-FRENCH AGREEMENT IN THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

## PARIS, October 25.

M. Delcassé will ask the Chamber of Deputies to fix the 3rd November for the discussion of the Anglo-French Agreement.

(Havas.)

## ECHO OF DRIFFUS CASE.

## PARIS, October 25.

The trial of Captain Dautrius has begun at the Council of War.

(Havas.)

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

## THE GREEK SQUADRON IS DUE AT ALEXANDRIA ON THE 3RD PROXO.

## IRRIGATION.—It is stated that the Egyptian Government has sent for another English inspector from India, for irrigation works.

## STRAY AND OWNLESS DOGS FOUND IN THE MINAT-EL-BASSAL DISTRICT DURING THE NIGHT OF THE 29TH INST. WILL BE POISONED BY THE ALEXANDRIA POLICE.

## THE BRINDISI MAIL WILL ARRIVE AT ALEXANDRIA THIS AFTERNOON'S EXPRESS AND WILL BE READY FOR DISTRIBUTION AT THE G.P.O. AT 7.45 A.M. TO-MORROW.

## TRANSPORT EXTENSION.—The Alexandria Tramway Company has applied to the Municipality for permission to construct tramlines to Hadra.

## AUTOMOBILE SERVICE.—An application has been made to the Alexandria Municipality for permission to establish a service of motor omnibuses.

## THE STATUE OF IBRAHIM PASHA AND THE GATES OF THE EBEKH GARDENS, CAIRO, ARE BEING CLEANED BY THE TANZANIA AUTHORITIES. BOTH WERE DECIDEDLY IN NEED OF IT.

## THE MINISTRY OF JUSTICE HAS DECIDED THAT FROM THE 1ST JANUARY NEXT, THE SALARY OF THE MEMBERS OF THE PARQUET WILL BE RAISED FROM L.E. 10 TO L.E. 12 PER MONTH.

## AT THE EXHIBITION OF THE ROYAL SOCIETY OF BRITISH ARTISTS MR. R. TALBOT KELLY HAS PREPARED THE "COURTYARD OF THE MOSQUE-EL-GULSHANY, CAIRO," IN SHADOW THAT GLOWS WITH REFLECTED LIGHT.

## SUPREME CONSULAR COURT.—JUDGE SAMARAS IS ARRIVING FROM CONSTANTINOPLE ON THE 31ST INST. THERE ARE NO CASES OF IMPORTANCE FOR THE SESSIONS OF THE SUPREME CONSULAR COURT AT ALEXANDRIA.

A GREAT SENATOR HAS BEEN AROUSED IN NATIVE CIRCLE Owing TO THE EXTRAORDINARY ARTICLE IN YESTERDAY'S ISSUE OF *AL LIWÁ*, WHICH, THE EDITOR, MUSTAPHA PASHA KAMEL, EXPLAINS HIS REASONS FOR NO LONGER KEEPING UP HIS RELATIONS WITH THE MAISÉH.

## THE CITADEL.—ON VISITING THE CITADEL ON THURSDAY MORNING H. E. THE SIRDAR WAS PLEASED TO EXPRESS TO THE DIRECTOR OF THE CITADEL HIS COMPLETE SATISFACTION WITH HIS INSPECTION, WHICH REFLECTED GREAT CREDIT ON THE HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS CONCERNED AND THEIR RESPECTIVE STAFFS.

## AMERICAN CONSULATES.—WE NOTICE THAT THE TITLES OF THE UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AGENCEY OF CAIRO AND THAT OF THE CONSULAR AGENCEY AT ALEXANDRIA HAVE BEEN CHANGED. HENCEFORTH THE OFFICIAL QUALIFICATION "UNITED STATES" WILL BE CHANGED FOR THAT OF "AMERICAN."

## ALEXANDRIA NATIVE COURT.—THE ALEXANDRIA NATIVE COURT SENTENCED THIS MORNING MAHMOUD CHUBAR, AN INHABITANT OF NEGMAS, TO TWO YEARS' IMPRISONMENT, FOR SHOOTING AND KILLING A NATIVE OF THE SAME VILLAGE WHOSE NAME WAS UNKNOWN. HE WAS CONVICTED IN THE ACT OF DESTROYING HIS OWN COTTON CROPS.

## SUZ CANAL.—ON THE 22ND AND 23RD INST. 24 VESSELS PASSED THROUGH THE SUZ CANAL. OF THESE, 15 WERE BRITISH, 1 NORWEGIAN, 5 GERMAN, 2 AUSTRIAN, AND 1 FRENCH. THE TRANSIT AND PASSENGER-FEE FOR THE TWO DAYS AMOUNTED TO £10,993.52 FS. THE TOTAL TRANSIT AND PASSENGER-FEE COLLECTED FROM THE 1ST TO THAT DATE ON 29TH INST. AMOUNTED TO £7,759,599.26 FS.

## EGYPT'S FOREIGN TRADE.—THE STATISTICAL BUREAU OF THE CUSTOMS ADMINISTRATION HAS ISSUED A MOST USEFUL WORK, GIVING THE FULlest STATISTICS OF THE FOREIGN TRADE OF EGYPT FROM 1884 TO 1902. THE EDITOR, MR. RANDOME, DESERVES TO BE CONGRATULATED ON THIS CAREFULLY COMPILED WORK, WHICH CONTAINS A MINE OF VALUABLE INFORMATION ON THE TRADE OF THIS MOST POPULAR RESORT.

## (Reuter.)

## A TERRIBLE MISTAKE.

## London, October 25.

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## THE WAR.

## EUROPAKIN IN SUPREME COMMAND.

## ST. PETERSBURG, October 25.

General Europaquin has been appointed to the supreme command of the armies in Manchuria.

(Havas.)

## JAPANESE CASUALTIES AT SHA-HO.

## TOKIO, October 25.

The Japanese total casualties at the battle of the Sha-Ho amounted to 15,879.

(Reuter.)

## THE KHEDIVE.

The Khedive is spending the day at Montazah.

The reason for his Highness having postponed the date of his departure for Cairo, is that he may be at Alexandria during the visit of the Greek Squadron.

## DEPARTURE OF H. L. I.

Suez, Tuesday.—The troop train conveying the 1st Battalion Highland Light Infantry arrived at Suez Dock yesterday morning, and the troops embarked shortly after on the transport *Sicilia*, which sailed at 2.30 in the afternoon bound to Bombay.

## MILITARY SERVICE.

The revenue from the tax for relief from military service amounted to L.E. 13,346 during the month of September last. From the 1st January to the end of that month the tax paid L.E. 127,756, as against 147,036 during the corresponding period last year, showing an increase of L.E. 27,756.

## THE MC MILLAN EXPEDITION.

Mr. B. H. Jason, who accompanied Mr. McMillan's expedition, is to read a paper before Christmas before the Royal Geographical Society. He will deal with the portion of the Sobat basin in Abyssinia which has not hitherto been explored.

## ASSOUAN DAM AND THE TEMPLES.

Sir William Preese, the well-known electrical engineer, and formerly Engineer-in-Chief to the Post Office, writes as follows to the *Times* in reply to the letter of "F. R. S." which we reproduced yesterday:

Does it occur to "F. R. S." why will correspondents use such letters of distinction to dignify their identity when expressing timid and often foolish opinion? that the Phoenician temples are quite modern compared with those of Egypt? Visitors ascending the Nile become surfeited with Ptolemaic and Roman parades of pure Egyptian culture and irritated with the political morality which threw over the beauties of Greek art to foster an effete and decaying civilization. What is more ludicrous than a Roman Emperor posing as an Egyptian god? There is much that is beautiful in Philae, but nothing that is epoch-making. The kiosk of Pharaoh's bed would be far more attractive if erected on the south end of Elephanthine Island. The other temples can remain where they are. They will be seen at Low Nile. They will not be damaged by the full reservoir, but they will be beautified a charming lake and a delightful boating resort. The outcry against the heightening of the dam is sentimental "rot."

## NEW NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAMER.

The new Norddeutsche Lloyd Imperial Mail steamer *Prinz Eitel Friedrich* (Captain E. Pohl) is due to arrive at Port Said next Monday en route for China and Japan. She has a full first and second class passenger list, including reliefs for the German squadron in the Far East. The *Prinz Eitel Friedrich* is from the yard of the Vulcan Shipbuilding and Engineering Company, Stettin. Her principal dimensions are: Length 508ft., breadth 65ft., 9in. moulded depth 36ft. The register tonnage is 8,131 tons, and the displacement at a draught of 26ft. is 15,300 tons. There are three steel decks, extending the entire length of the ship, and a partial orlop deck, and above these are the promenade and the boat deck, making six decks in all. Perhaps the most striking novelty is the gymnasium, which contains what appears to be a complete installation of appliances for hygienic exercises. All told the number of persons the ship is capable of carrying amounts to 1,138.

## MENA HOUSE FOUR-HORSE COACH.

Cairo residents will be glad to learn that on Tuesday next the sound of the horn announcing the start of the Menai House stage coach, which has been suspended for several years, will be heard again. The management of the hotel have just brought over from Europe a handsome new team, which is sure to be the delight of the many who are fond of a pleasant drive, such as is afforded by the road leading to the Pyramids. The coach will run daily, leaving Cook's Office at 11.45. Calling at the different first-class hotels, it will leave the Savoy Hotel at 12 and reach the Pyramids at 1, returning from Menai at 4 p.m. The return fare is only 15 piastres and tickets must be got at Cook's Office.

The whole coach can also be hired for the day at P.T. 300, or at P.T. 600, if driven by a gentleman or by a lady. On moonlight nights, the charges for the coach are P.T. 500 and P.T. 750 respectively.

Menai House opens on November 1, and judging from the enquiries which daily reach the hotel office, its opening is awaited impatiently by the many friends of this most popular resort.

THE PHARMACY AGITATION.

## LAST NIGHT'S MEETING.

## APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSION.

(By Telephone.)

## CAIRO, Wednesday.

The general meeting of the Cairo pharmacists was held at the Cercle Artistique last night at 9.30 o'clock. Dr. Kupper, vice-president of the Cairo Committee of the Associated Pharmacists, was in the chair, supported by the hon. secretary, Mr. Dirlik, and Messrs. A. Mandona, Montini, and Dinkler.

The chairman opened the proceedings by briefly summing up the causes which had led to the meeting being called. He then read a telegram from Mr. MacGregor, president of the Alexandria Association of Pharmacists, wishing the Cairo branch of the Association a full and satisfactory meeting, and hoping for a speedy decision.

The hon. secretary then read the correspondence exchanged between the committee and Sir Horace Pinching, of which he gave the substance. On hearing that regulations were being drawn up by the Sanitary Department with reference to the management of pharmacies, the committee wrote to the Director-General asking him to favour them with a draft copy of these regulations before sending them to the Mixed Court of Appeal. The Director-General replied expressing his complete readiness to do so. But here, unfortunately, the matter ended. The draft copy was not forwarded. The draft regulations were sent to the Court of Appeal, and the law, as it now stands, was finally published. Many of the Cairo committees were absent at the time of its publication, which aroused considerable discussion in Alexandria, where a general meeting was organised. The Cairo committee wrote to the Director-General asking him to hold a general meeting as soon as possible. The Alexandria committee replied mentioning their intention of calling a general meeting and of forwarding a letter of protest against the regulations to the Sanitary Department.

The Cairo committee then replied suggesting that to have due weight the letter should bear the signatures of both committees. This letter, however, arrived at Alexandria too late, wherein the Cairo committee wired regretting the isolated action of the Alexandria committee and followed their suit by a letter stating their intention of sending delegates to ask for an interview with Sir H. Pinching and to beg for a delay of one month in the application of the law. The Director-General expressed his readiness to meet the delegates. At the meeting he declared himself ready to safeguard the interests and to meet the wishes of the Cairo pharmacists as far as possible, and informed them that he proposed to suspend the operation of the law till the end of the year. The hon. secretary testified to the kindness and conciliatory spirit shown by the Director-General during the interview, which lasted for an hour. The Cairo committee then informed the Alexandria committee of the result of the interview and expressed a hope that no isolated action would be attempted and that the two committees would study with the utmost care a matter that was of such importance to the profession as a whole.

The hon. secretary then informed the meeting that they had now to select a commission of six members at whose deliberations Mr. Dinkler would be present without a vote, as representing the Sanitary Department. He (the hon. secretary) assured them that the holders of diplomas and genuine pharmacists can no longer be subject to the regulations. Their severity was aimed, according to the Director-General, against the charlatan, who infested the profession in Egypt, and the capitalists who were not pharmacists but put pharmacies in the charge of unqualified men. As for the election of a commission, it had been suggested that each nation should be represented. With this the totally disagreed. Six experienced pharmacists were required.

A little discussion followed, after which the chairman and the hon. secretary stated that the commission should draw up a report on the regulations and submit the same to be discussed at a general meeting. It was then decided that the commission should print and circulate its report ten days before the date fixed, for the general meeting, to enable everyone to study the question in all its bearings.

After thanking the Press for its support, the chairman called on the meeting to elect a commission, and the following were elected—Dr. Kupper (26 votes), Mr. Dirlik (20), Mr. Adab (11) (20), Mr. Montini (14), A. Montoba (11), Jonovich (10). The latter, however, declined to sit, and as the next two candidates had 9 votes each, the meeting had to decide between them, with the result that Mr. Kaiser was elected by 16 votes.

## THE PAYOUN HOSPITAL.

Medinet-el-Payoun correspondent writes—

The American Mission hospital in this town is filling a hitherto much-needed want. It differs from the Government hospitals inasmuch as the patients can be treated by their own doctors, if they so wish it. But in the Government hospitals the doctors attached to the hospital are the only ones who can attend the patients. Dr. and Mrs. Askern, of the American Mission, are in charge of the hospital, and their management leaves nothing to be desired.

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MISSING.

A gentleman with a Scotch name and a Persian address sends us the following:

Wanted the name and address of the young girl Theatre Queen of Cairo, in December, 1902, all dressed in black with wooden shoes and leather wings.

The young girl must be somewhat over fifty now. Perhaps some of our readers could favour us with the whereabouts of this person and we will communicate with our correspondents.

Theatre Queen of Cairo, in December, 1902, all dressed in black with wooden shoes and leather wings.

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## THE HEDJAZ.

## UNFOUNDED REPORTS.

Reports have been for some time current that this province is the scene of unusual disturbance and bloodshed.

We are assured by a highly competent authority that there is nothing unusual in its condition. It remains, as ever, the theatre of every species of conflict, inter-tribal battles, rebellions against the central authority, highway robbery, and private feuds; but there is no reason to believe that any of the parties concerned are displaying more than their usual activity.

## THE ROBBERS OF EL-ARISH.

Several of our contemporaries have recently published a statement to the effect that a band of brigands infested the caravan route between Kantara and El Arish, and not content with robbing travellers, had repulsed a Coast Guard patrol which attempted to arrest them by a heavy and well-directed fire.

An enquiry at the Ministry of the Interior find that on August 2 and August 16 certain Bedouin tribesmen stole a few camels which were the property of another tribe, or another section of their tribe. A council of sheikhs and elders was called to enquire into the matter. No lives were lost, no caravans attacked, and no Coast Guard patrols repulsed.

The Deligation adopts the note of services concerning the formation d'un corps de police attaché au service de la Municipalité et chargé l'Administration de traiter les détails de la question avec le Gouvernement. Cette question sera soumise à la prochaine séance de la Commission Municipale.

La Deligation décide de mettre en adjudication les travaux de canalisation de la route.

La Deligation renvoie au prochain budget l'examen d'une demande de la Banque Ottomane pour le pavage en asphalte de la chaussée d'étendue devant son immeuble.

Elle approuve une note du Taxis de la Société El Owais et Weeks pour l'amélioration de la route entre le terrains de la Société El Owais et Weeks et le village de Champs Bleus.

La Deligation arrête l'ordre du jour de la Commission qui se réunira le 2 Novembre 1904.

## ALEXANDRIA MUNICIPALITY.

(Communication spéciale)

La Deligation Municipale s'est réunie le 25 octobre 1904 à 4 h. p.m. sous la présidence de M. Amb. A. Ralli.

Présents : MM. Ahmed Bey Sayid, E. Benachi, Mohamed Bey Sayid, Mansour Bey Yousef, Soliman Bey Abani et G. Kervenç, membres, W. P. Chatwary, administrateur, I. Sodki, secrétaire.

La Deligation adopte la note des services concernant la formation d'un corps de police attaché au service de la Municipalité et chargé l'Administration de traiter les détails de la question avec le Gouvernement. Cette question sera soumise à la prochaine séance de la Commission Municipale.

La Deligation décide de mettre en adjudication les travaux de canalisation de la route.

Elle charge quelques uns de ses membres d'accorder avec l'Administrateur d'étende la mesure pour la pavage en asphalte de la chaussée d'étendue devant son immeuble.

Elle approuve la suppression de la route entre le terrains de la Société El Owais et Weeks et celui de la Com. Hellénique à Chatby.

Elle prend note d'un rapport de l'Inspecteur Sanitaire au sujet des mesures prises par lui d'accord avec la Société El Owais pour remédier à la mauvaise qualité de l'eau en ville.

Elle approuve une note du Taxis de la Société El Owais et Weeks au sujet des modifications à apporter aux alignements de rues.

La Deligation arrête l'ordre du jour de la Commission qui se réunira le 2 Novembre 1904.

## PERSON

# BANKING FIRM "EL NASSIB," ALEXANDRIA.

TEWFIK PACHA-STREET, N. 12.

GENERAL AGENT OF THE ROYAL HUNGARIAN LOTTERY.  
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "ELNASSIB." --- TELEPHONE N. 1280.

This General Agency was created with the object of facilitating and rendering more agreeable the relations, and above all to better protect the interests, of the numerous clients in Egypt of the Royal Hungarian Lottery.

The Direction of the Lottery has already consigned to the General Agency the tickets of the XVth Lottery for public sale.

**IMPORTANT NOTICE.** -- The drawings of the 1st class of the XVth Royal Hungarian Lottery will take place on the 24th and 25th November of this year at Budapest in the offices of the Direction of the Lottery.

Please address all orders for tickets to the Banking Firm "El Nassib," General Agents of the Royal Hungarian Lottery, Alexandria, Rue Tewfik No. 12. All information concerning the lottery is given free of charge, either verbally or by writing.

For the due execution of orders, we respectfully ask our clients to let us have their orders by first mail accompanied by the remittance for tickets.

The drawings will be held publicly, in the presence of the Delegates of the State, of two Royal notaries, and of the Direction of the Lottery.

The absolutely protect the interests of the public, the Hungarian Ministry of Finances has created a special Department charged with the mission of overseeing the movements of the Lottery. Moreover the HUNGARIAN STATE guarantees the payment in species of all the winning numbers.

The total value of distributed numbers during a lottery attains:

Crowns 14,459,000. Equal to Frs. 15,181,950. Equal to P.T. 80,727,800.

The fortunate holder of the "GROS LOT" would win:

Crowns 1,000,000. Equal to Frs. 1,050,000. Equal to P.T. 4,050,000.

Immediately after the drawings, the official list of winning numbers, controlled by the Hungarian Government, are forwarded, even without demand, to the possessor of a ticket or a fraction of a ticket.

## 110,000 TICKETS. 55,000 PRIZES. Half of the Tickets win!

These 55,000 numbers are divided into six classes, of which the drawings take place in intervals of from 3 to 4 weeks.  
WHOLE, HALF, QUARTER, AND EIGHTHS OF TICKETS ARE ISSUED.

110,000 TICKETS.

### LIST OF PRIZES OF THE

55,000 PRIZES.

### XV<sup>TH</sup> ROYAL HUNGARIAN LOTTERY.

1,050,000 FRANCS

With one single Ticket can be obtained

1,000,000

### ONE MILLION CROWNS.

4,050,000 P.T.

	Premium	Crowns	Crowns	Principal prizes	Crowns	Crowns	Prizes	Crowns	Crowns	Prizes	Crowns	Crowns	
1	Principal prize	600,000	600,000	2	400,000	400,000	1	36,000	36,000	34,450	200	890,000	
1		400,000	400,000		200,000	200,000		67	50,000	50,000	48,800	170	824,500
1		200,000	200,000		100,000	100,000		40,000	40,000	38,000	9000	4850	
2		100,000	100,000		90,000	90,000		30,000	150,000	437	2000	874,000	
1		90,000	90,000		80,000	80,000		25,000	75,000	803	1000	803,000	
2		80,000	80,000		70,000	70,000		20,000	160,000	1528	500	764,000	
1		70,000	70,000					15,000	120,000	140	300	3350	

A TOTAL OF 55,000 PRIZES AND PREMIUM CROWNS: 14,459,000.  
1 CROWN EQUAL TO 1.05 FR.S.

### PRICES OF THE TICKETS OF THE ROYAL HUNGARIAN LOTTERY.

FOR THE FIRST CLASS ONLY:

FOR ALL SIX CLASSES:

Eighth of a ticket . . . . .	Crowns 1.50	Equal to Frs. 1.60	Crowns 20.—	Equal to	Frs. 21.—
Quarter ticket . . . . .	" 3.—	" 3.15	" 40.—	"	" 42.—
Half ticket . . . . .	" 6.—	" 6.30	" 80.—	"	" 84.—
Whole ticket . . . . .	" 12.—	" 12.60	" 160.—	"	" 168.—

The tickets are issued at prices fixed by the State.

The official plan is added to all tickets sent; it is sent, free of charge, on demand.

**PAYOUT OF WINNING NUMBERS.**—All winning numbers are paid in species, without undergoing formalities. The winner has simply to present his ticket to the:

BANKING FIRM "EL NASSIB."

Rue Tewfik, No. 12, Alexandria.  
General Agents of the ROYAL HUNGARIAN LOTTERY.

### ORDER FORM.

#### BANKING FIRM "EL NASSIB."

Please send me by first post

eighths of a ticket  
quarters of a ticket  
half of a ticket  
whole ticket

The amount for the first class only half for all the six classes

according to the appended notice.

"I remit you the enclosed

Full Name

Correct address

N.B.—Tickets are only sent on receipt of remittance.

Post Office Order, cheques on Banks, stamps or any other means the client wishes to send by.

### IMPORTANT NOTICE.

As many clients readily understand the combinations of the ROYAL HUNGARIAN LOTTERY, and wish to be assured in advance that they will participate in "All the Drawings," the General Agency accepts all orders of total participation and guarantees the entire execution without exacting the anticipated payment for all the drawings. This total amount may be paid by the prospective client in two equal payments of 84 francs each for the whole ticket, Frs. 42 for a half ticket, Frs. 21 for a quarter ticket and Frs. 10.50 for an eighth of a ticket.

The first payment must accompany the order. The second, of equal value, must be forwarded before the drawing of the 8th class (unless a number in the preceding drawings, has won and already covered the sum).

If tickets paid in this way in advance, win the first class, the surplus paid in advance will be reimbursed to the player, besides what he wins.

## BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATIONS

Of America Use Peru-na For All  
Catastrophic Diseases



MRS. HENRIETTA A. S. MARSH.

Woman's Benevolent Association of Chicago.

Mrs. Henrietta A. S. Marsh, President

Woman's Benevolent Association, of Ed. Jackson Park Terrace, Woodlawn, Chicago, Ill., says:

"I suffered with a grippe for seven weeks and nothing helped me until I tried Peru-na. I felt strong at once that I had at last secured the right medicine and kept steadily improving. Within three weeks I was fully restored." —*Henryette A. S. Marsh.*

The Grippe is epidemic catarrh. Peru-na is of national fame as a sure cure for catarrh in all classes and stages.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peru-na, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of Dr. Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

For special directions everyone should read "The Life of Peru-na," a copy of which sends each bottle Peru-na is for sale by all chemists and druggists at five shillings per bottle or six bottles for twenty-five shillings.

Those wishing direct correspondence with Dr. Hartman can wait the necessary delay in receiving a reply should address Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U.S.A.

The following wholesale druggist will supply the retail drug trade in Alexandria, Egypt.

MAX FISCHER,  
Alexandria, Egypt.

## GREAT EXODUS FROM SPAIN.

The exodus of emigrants from Spain has assumed such proportions that the municipal councils of Madrid, Valencia, and Vigo have decided to address the Government on the subject. It is pointed out that thousands of acres of land are going out of cultivation owing to the emigration of labourers, and there is also a serious loss being caused to the country by the departure of skilled artisans. Hardly a ship leaves a Spanish port which does not carry a large number of emigrants, who are making their way chiefly to the Central and South American States.

## THE UNPARDONABLE SIN.

Salem, New Jersey, is agast because a private of the State's Hospital Corps has married an American negro who impaled him through yellow fever. His superiors (says the *Telegraph's* correspondent) demand his resignation; but the private defies them ultimatum, quoting the article of the Constitution declaring all persons free and equal.

## A SCOTCH GRAND VIZIER.

*T. P.'s Weekly* quotes the following story from Dr. Anderson's "Bee" in illustration of the ubiquity and versatility of Scotland. "In the year 1739," says the doctor, "the Russians and Turks, weary of war, commissioned two plenipotentiaries—on the Russian side Marshal General Keith, on the side of the Turks the Grand Vizier of the Sultan—to make peace. The two diplomats met, and carried on protracted negotiations through interpreters. When all at last was satisfactorily settled the plenipotentiaries rose to take formal leave of each other—the Marshal making his bow with his hat in his hand, and the Grand Vizier saluting with his turban on his head. These ceremonies of leave-taking over, the Grand Vizier suddenly straightened himself, and, to the Marshal's utter amazement, marched up to him, gripped him affectionately by the hand, and, in the broadest broad Scotch accent, cried, 'Dinner be surprised, mon; I'm ro' the same country wi' yourself'. Well! I mind seeing you and your brother, when boys, passing by to the school at Kirkcaldy! 'Why, who—who are you?' gasped the Marshal, staggering back in his bewilderment. 'I am Grand Vizier to the Sultan of Turkey, but—my father was bellman o' Kirkcaldy!' "

## T. P.'s Weekly.

The Marquess of Anglesey's occupations at Dinard, where he is recruiting his health, are driving and poker-work.

"I must apologise," he said to a *Mail* interviewer, "for not appearing before you in peacock-blue plush, wearing a diamond, and sapphire chain, a turquoise dog-collar, ropes of pearls and slippers studded with garnitures; but I prefer, and always have preferred, Scotch tweed."

"I'm writing a book—on myself," he added. "It will probably consist of a series of essays on humanity—so I have known it. I may have something to say about some of my friends, don't think I shall not again just yet. I've had the usual offer from America, but my health would stand it. Just to amuse myself I'm adapting plays. When things get right again—in two or three years from now—I shall have my own theatre once more."

## ARMY AND NAVY.

(From our own Correspondent.)

LONDON, October 15.

Lieutenant H. L. Mackworth, D.S.O., Royal Engineers, doing duty at Aldershot, has been selected for service with the Khetive's army. Mr. Mackworth has held a commission for six and a half years. He went through the South African campaign 1899-02, including the relief of Kimberley and the campaign in Orange and the Transvaal (mentioned in despatches, D.S.O., medals with clasp). He was lately employed in Somaliland.

Brevet-Major Frank B. Pearce, C.M.G., West Yorkshire Regiment, Deputy Commissioner for Central Africa Protectorate, has just been promoted to substantive rank after over eighteen years' service, the greater part of the last five of which has been spent in Central Africa. He served under the West Yorks in Sir Francis Scott's Ashanti Expedition 1895-96 (star) and in 1898 saw active service in Central Africa with the Southern Angoliland Expedition (medal with clasp). The following year he successfully commanded the expedition against Kwango, his services being recognized by a well-deserved brevet-majority, and he further added to his active service experience with the West Yorks in the late Boer War, 1900 (medal with clasp). The Companionship of the Order of St. Michael and St. George was recently conferred on him, as a further recognition of his services in Central Africa, by His Majesty.

The Assays will leave Southampton the 10th November for Bombay with about 3,000 troops on board for various regiments, companies, batteries, and battalions in India. The liner will reach Bombay on the 8th December. A week later she will make the return voyage with time-expired men and details, reaching Southampton on the 6th January.

Second-Lieutenant A. J. Loftus, 1st Battalion Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, has been granted leave of absence until the 17th November, pending embarkation for Egypt.

The first-class battleship *Irresistible* (Captain G. H. Henderson) will leave Malta on November 11, and calling at Plymouth on the 20th, will proceed to Chatham, where she will pay off on November 30, and be recommissioned on the following day for service on the Mediterranean Station. She will leave Chatham on December 3, and is timed to reach Gibraltar five days later. About £4,000 will be expended on the *Irresistible* in refitting at Malta.

## 18 THE ENGLISH NOVEL DEAD?

Mrs. G. S. Street's article lamenting the decadence of the English novel is dealt with in the October number of the *Pall Mall Magazine* in a symposium to which various eminent hands contribute. Let us quote from "John Oliver Hobbes":

"The quality," she says, "which seems fatally absent in much modern English fiction is knowledge, and the few authors who write of what they know address a vast army of readers who have never been trained to form any opinion of sound work. It is unreasonable to expect a supreme genius in every composer of successful but ephemeral light reading. The number of great novel-writers is small; far smaller than the number of great painters and creative musicians. A deep experience of the world and human beings is given to few—because few can bear the suffering which is its price, and fewer still have the moral courage to tell the truth. It is quite certain that there can be no vital drawing of modern English life while it remains the fashion in this country to describe women as they never were, and men as they cannot be. Thackeray in his day uttered the same complaint. He dared not speak out, and he handed on the marketable false sentiment with such sincerity in his satire that he was never popular."

The portion of the poem we now fortunately can peruse commences with a conversation between Ninos and Derkein, in which he craves the lady's permission to espouse her daughter. Claiming that his age, 17, is that preferable for marriage, and also that her own was also just suitable (though he politely does not give her it appears from his arguments to have been 14), he urges his suit.

The intended mother-in-law desired the nuptials to be postponed for two years, but Ninos points out that he may be slain in war and should prepare an heir, for as both the young people were only offspring, otherwise the direct royal line would lapse.

The second part of the text contains the arguments of the young lady to her aunt Thambe. These are not so much of an oratorial order as to be convincing, but her tears and sighs appear to have gained her cause. The two aunts enter into conversation as to obtaining the king's permission. The narrative is then broken off by a mutilation of the papyrus and when it reappears we find the young people united, and Ninos proceeding to some war, and an account of the campaign in a mountainous country follows. The combats are in Armenia, and Ninos is assisted by Greek and Carian mercenaries. The army is accompanied by a hundred, or more, elephants. This fragment of the text terminates with a description of the line of battle arranged by Ninos.

It is plain that the plot, or interest, of the story centred in the enforced separation of the newly-married prince and princess, especially the prolonged campaign of Ninos. Compensation must have been derived by the bride arising from the evidence afforded by the test of war, or the military genius of Ninos. It is indeed wonderful, resembling the celebrated exploits of Cyrus in the "Cyrupeda." Generally in these stories the ancient novelists, or quasi historians, separated the lovers by some violent peri, or abduction, but here the cause appears to have been merely the warrior duty of a martial prince and to have been virtually voluntary.

Dr. Carl Schmidt has at length completely published all the Coptic version of the Apocryphal "Acts of Paul," which was acquired by the Heidelberg Library in Egypt some years ago. The text has been enabled to print some 3,600 verses, which must be about three-fourths of the whole work because the stoichometric analysis of early Christian books preserved in the Codex Claramontanus tells us it possessed a total of 3,560 verses.

The new Coptic text, however, does not afford us much fresh matter because it appears that the complete "Acts of Paul" included

NOTES UPON GREEK  
AND LATIN PAPYRI

BY JOSEPH OFFORD.

In the second volume giving specimens of papyri in the possession of Lord Amherst, there are two fragments of classic authors which merit notice. One of them, which unfortunately only contains 15 legible lines, gives part of a tragedy. The scene of which they are descriptive evidently took place at Troy during the celebrated siege. The speakers are certainly Hector and Polydamas.

The passage preserved does not offer to literature any specially poetic expression, consequently our chief practical interest in it will arise from ascertaining, if possible, of which poet's work it affords an example. We can hardly err with Weil and Radtmacher who assign it to the lost tragedy of "Hector" by Astydemus, who, we are told by Plutarch, by this play gained a victory famous in the dramatic annals of Athens.

The other fragment presents only five lines that can be satisfactorily completed; but they tell us sufficient to detect it to be a passage from the argument of the "Skiron" of Euripides. Because one of these lines is quoted as being from that work in the "Florilegium" of Stobaeus.

The collection of papyri at Strasburg possesses part of a prologue to a Greek comedy, that has been edited by Kaibel and Reitzenstein, which indicates a most interesting story, but no scholar has hitherto been able to divine the name of the work, or its author. After a few badly preserved sentences, uttered by some deity, the prologue proceeds to tell us that once upon a time two twin brothers, Sosthenes and Demetus, married two twin sisters, who bore to one a son, to the other a daughter. The brothers for some reason went to Asia and there encountered great dangers and adventures, one was imprisoned and assisted to escape by the other, who in his turn was incarcerated for aiding the first to get away. They remained absent 16 years; doubtless the "liberated" son declining to go home until he in turn could rescue his brother.

Though we have no more of the epitome of the comedy it is very easy to foresee that during the 16 years the boy and girl have grown up and doubtless become enamoured of each other, and probably are in some difficulty which only the return of their respective parents will solve. No title of any recorded play, or summary of the plot of a lost comedy, appears to apply to this fragment. It is to be hoped that one or more of the lines we now possess may be found quoted by some scholar, or lexicographer, with a note as to their author.

One of the longest of the newly-recovered portions of poems by an unknown author found in Egypt is the fragment of an Epic of Ninos published by Herr Wilcken and M. Weil. It relates to Ninos, the celebrated builder of Nineveh, his mother, whose name is herein given us as Thambe, his aunt Derkein, and her daughter, whose name does not transpire from the fragment, but undeniably "was Semiramis" because Derkein or Derke was stated by classic writers, previously known, to have been her mother's name.

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three works already known, and extant. These are the "Acts of Paul and Thecla," the short tract entitled "The Martyrdom of Paul," and the "Correspondence of Paul with the Corinthians." Moreover, the book appears to have little historical value. The parts that are novel relate to alleged occurrences at Antioch, Myra, Sisiton, Tyre, Philippi, and Rome. The events at the latter Metropolis concern the persecution under Nero, and it is an interesting fact to be noted by ecclesiastical scholars that there is no mention of the presence of the Apostle Peter at Rome, in the Coptic, but the text is in a very fragmentary condition.

About the same date Mrs. Agnes Smith Lewis has published the work found by her in a convent in the Nitrian desert, a few years ago: "The Mythological Tales of the Apostles." They are of a decidedly apocryphal character, and useless for historical purposes. A curious incident relates to the burial of a young girl in the foundation of a bathhouse that was being erected. This cruel form of propitiating the earth demon will be familiar to the students of the early history of mankind, and may be found fully referred to in M. Leibnitz's work on Egyptian Rites connected with edifices. A Neo-Greek poem has recently been edited in the "Revue de l'Historie des Religions" relating to the sacrificial murder of the wife of the architect of the bridge over the river Arto, in European Turkey, erected in the middle ages.

Let him bring me before the competent tribunal, and, to enable him to do so, I now hereby authorise you, Sir, to communicate to him my name and address so that justice may be done and the law of the land vindicated!

I am, etc.,

HUMANITY.

Cairo, October 23.

## SCOTS KIRK DISPUTE.

To the EDITOR OF THE EGYPTIAN GAZETTE.

Sir,—Referring to your remark on this subject in your paper of last Friday, it seems to me to be a "poetry" that Sandy should "give up his religion and jine the Episcopalian." Would it not be better for him (without giving up his "religion") to join the Society of Friends? It is needless to point out the many advantages he would thus gain, and no doubt appreciate.

I am, &c.,

MAC.

Alexandria, October 23.

## A FORTUNE TO BE WON.

By the foundation of the Bank "El Nassif" in Alexandria, of which we have already written in a preceding number, Egypt also receives a General Agency of the Royal Hungarian Lottery.

The great lottery in a few years has acquired the full confidence and sympathy of the world.

We think it will interest our readers if we give to-day a description of the nature of this Lottery.

The Royal Hungarian Lottery is no private enterprise but an institution established by the Royal Hungarian Government, and the board of this Government guarantees the punctual payment of all the numerous winnings. This institution therefore offers absolute security and deserves the entire confidence of the public.

Under these circumstances it cannot surprise anyone that this Lottery, which has been in existence only a short time (it was established 8 years ago), has conquered the world.

As in Egypt the number of customers of the Royal Hungarian Lottery is very large, this General-Agency ("Bank El Nassif") was established in this town at Rue Tewfik No. 12, to afford those interested in this country every facility and ease in the purchase of tickets without any delay, to assure them of the emphatic maintenance of their interests in every way, and further, to pay the winnings promptly.

All those who are already in connexion with this Royal Hungarian Lottery but want any explanations, or those who wish to purchase tickets, may direct their enquiries to the General Agency "El Nassif" in Alexandria, No. 12, Rue Tewfik, verbally or by letter. All requests will be settled promptly and without any fee.

There are issued 110,000 tickets, of which 55,000, that is half, must win undoubtedly. These 55,000 tickets naturally cannot be drawn in one single drawing. Therefore, and for reasons which are indicated later, each Lottery is divided into 6 parts, named classes, whose drawings take place at intervals of 8-4 weeks.

The big prizes of these 6 classes are as follows:

1st Class Crowns	60,000.—
2nd "	80,000.—
3rd "	90,000.—
4th "	90,000.—
5th "	100,000.—
6th "	100,000.—
200,000,	100,000.—
300,000,	80,000.—
400,000,	60,000.—
etc., etc.	50,000.—

One crown equals frs. 1.05.

With no ticket it is possible to win One Million Crowns, as according to the destination of the Official Prospectus the premium of crowns 600,000, will go to that number which draws the last prize between 400,000 and 2,000 crowns. If this draw at last the prize of crowns 400,000, so the fortunate possessor of this ticket will become a millionaire.

By the following copy of the balance of the Official Prospectus it will be seen that the total receipts are to be employed for the prizes.

## BALANCE-SHEET.

Receipts

Prizes	Crowns
6000 prizes	1,440,000
4000 "	960,000
3000 "	720,000
2000 "	480,000
1000 "	240,000
500 "	120,000
200 "	80,000
100 "	40,000
50 "	20,000
25 "	10,000
10 "	5,000
5 "	2,500
2 "	1,000
1 "	500
etc., etc.	1,000,000

Debts

Prizes	Crowns
6000 prizes	1,440,000
4000 "	960,000
3000 "	720,000
2000 "	480,000
1000 "	240,000
500 "	120,000
200 "	80,000
100 "	40,000
50 "	20,000
25 "	10,000
10 "	5,000
5 "	2,500
2 "	1,000
1 "	500
etc., etc.	1,000,000

However, in consideration of the enormous cost of organization, management and control, there will be deducted 20% of the value of the winnings, according to the Official Prospectus.

The smallest gain in the 6th class covers the total of the stakes of all the 6 classes, for the smallest prize in the 6th class is crowns 200; deduct 20% and there remains crowns 160. The player only winning such a small prize receives his whole disbursement. Really, the most important loss could only be crowns 180, or frs. 168, paid for a whole ticket. On the other hand, the fortunate winner may be happy all his life, because there is a large number of very considerable prizes.

The price of the tickets for all the 6 classes of one Lottery is fixed by the board of government at crowns 180, or frs. 168. The General Agency, "El Nassif," sells the tickets at this price without any extra charge.

The system of classes was also chosen on the supposition that a number of partakers would not like to pay the amount of frs. 168 all at once. Therefore the Lottery was divided into 6

classes, so that it is possible to pay the stakes proportionally to the classes.

The stakes for each class are for one whole ticket:

1st class Crowns	12 or frs. 12.00
2nd "	20, " 21.
3rd "	32, " 33.60
4th "	40, " 42.
5th "	52, " 52.80
6th "	24, " 25.20

Total Crowns 180, or frs. 168.—

To facilitate play to people who are not willing to pay the price of one ticket, there is issued a certain number of tickets divided into 1, 2, 3, and 4 parts. Therefore, who will not risk frs. 168, can play for a smaller amount. The sum to be won with such a participation is already big enough, because the Lottery's winnings are extraordinarily high.

The tickets are numbered from 1 to 110,000 and the 1, 2, 3, and 4 parts have for distinction, the letters A, B, C, D, etc. Should a partaker lose his ticket, his right of participation will be guarded, according to the Official Prospectus, if he addresses to the General Agency "El Nassif," Alexandria, No. 12, Rue Tewfik.

In general manner, we have given an explanation of the arrangement of the Royal Hungarian Lottery, which appears complicated.

Moreover, to-day's issue contains a very complete explanation in the advertisement of the General Agency "El Nassif," Alexandria, No. 12, Rue Tewfik, which will give every information necessary.

## VISITOR'S LISTS.

## GRAND CONTINENTAL, CAIRO.

Mr. W. A. Luning, Mr. Victor Dahmen, Mr. A. Winterberg, Mr. and Mrs. MacLaughlin, Major and Mrs. G. Le Breton, Mrs. Thos. Miss Price, Mr. E. C. Braun, Mr. Harry Levy, Mr. E. Hood, Mr. Trad, Mr. Schirmer, Mr. Leo Pihl, Mr. d'Argila, Mr. Persie, Mr. Leo Misce





## EXPORT MANIFESTS.

For PORT-SAID & ODESSA, by the S.S. *Athenor*  
arrived at the 1st October:

Yates, 656 tons rice, 165 bags beans, 50 bags  
flour, 40 bags prunes, 27 bags coffee, 1,780  
packets soap, 14 packages vegetables, 50 packages  
meat, 55 packages bacon, 11 packages drugs, 1,000  
packages sundries.

For LEITH, by the batteau *Reine Sophie*  
Capt. Nicolas H., parti le 6 octobre:

Divers, 376 tons rice, 95 bags beans, 22 sacks divers  
B. & O. Lindemann, 300 bags cotton  
G. Fräser & Co., 92 " " "  
G. Blodke, 50 " " "  
Carver Bros. & Coy. Ltd, 10 " " "  
452 bags cotton

For LEITH, by the S.S. *Mediterranea*, sailed on the  
8th October:

Sirier Bros. & C°, Ltd, 64 bales flaxseed  
Braend & Co., 300 sacks cotton seed  
H. Hall, 500 barrels molasses  
Std Malasses & S. R., 9,889 bags oil cake

For SALONIQUE, par le batteau *Pitteman Eliot*,  
parti le 9 octobre:

Divers, 300 coils divers  
Pour PORT-SAID & ODESSA, par le batteau *Esmeralda*,  
parti le 10 octobre:

Divers, 27 bags blé, 8 sacks flour

For CONSTANTINOPLE, par le batteau hellénique  
*Vassilissa Olga*, parti le 10 octobre:

Divers, 300 sacks rice, 61 sacks beans, 36 bags video,  
7 sacks flour, 8 sacks divers

For LIVERPOOL, by the S.S. *Sardinia*, sailed on the  
11th October:

Nat. Bank of Egypt, 12 bales cotton  
B. J. Coury & Co., 30 " " "  
Chomsky, Bessich & Co., 1,365 " " "  
Finsinger & Co., 78 " " "  
Blodke & Co., 100 " " "  
G. Blodke, 25 " " "  
H. & O. Lindemann, 80 " " "  
N. G. Cossini, 141 " " "  
Carver Bros. & Coy. Ltd, 455 " " "  
Bank of Egypt Ltd, 189 " " "  
J. P. Gatty & Co., 408 " " "  
P. & G. Co., 310 " " "  
W. Getty & Co., 110 " " "

8,058 bales cotton  
Anglo-Egyptian Bank Ltd, 300 tons cotton seed  
Carver Bros. & Coy. Ltd, 100 tons cotton seed  
Tadros Ghirghi, 1,000 quarters cotton  
L. Haller, 1,000 barrels molasses

W. Getty & Co., 37 bags sugar  
Sirier Bros. Ltd, 107 bags beans

L. Ouefri, 375 bags beans  
G. Botanashi & Co., 21 barrels cognac

Hadjo & Co., 34 boxes hair  
Carver Bros. & Coy. Ltd, 10 bags wool

H. Spivard, 601 sacks dates  
J. C. Gaffey, 860 empty sacks

Khedivial Mail, 2,304 bags cereals, 5,386 cans  
cannages

Various, 7 packages sundries

Pour MALTE & HAMBURG, par le batteau all.  
Argos, parti le 11 octobre:

FOR HAMBURG

50 bales cotton

G. Fräser & Co., 56 " " "  
B. & O. Lindemann, 5 " " "

192 bales cotton

FOR ROTTERDAM

160 bales cotton

J. Planta & Co., 100 " " "  
E. Mühlen & Co., 60 " " "  
H. Blodke & Co., 100 " " "  
Carver Bros. & Coy. Ltd, 60 " " "  
R. & O. Lindemann, 60 " " "  
Möhr & Fiedel, 60 " " "  
G. Fräser & Co., 125 " " "

366 bales cotton

Divers, 800 coils pearls, 800 old cigarettes, 150  
bags video, 350 coils gum, 150 sacks drageuses,  
6 sacks ivoire, 50 sacks divers

PROCLAMATION.

Import of Cattle into Egypt from the  
Sudan (via Halfa).

The following proclamation cancels all previous  
regulations published on the above subject.

The import of cattle (bulls, cows, calves, and  
buffaloes) into Egypt from the Sudan (via Halfa)  
can now be effected under the following conditions:

—Each consignment should be accompanied by a Sudan Government Veterinary Officer's certificate stating that:

(a) They were in a good state of health and free  
from disease on leaving the Quarantine Park at Halfa.

(b) They have been segregated, prior to the issue  
of this health certificate:

Cattle for slaughtering, for 45 hours.

Cattle for draught purposes, for 5 days under  
Quarantine.

(c) There had been no case of infectious disease  
among them.

(d) All cattle before leaving Halfa must be  
banded with the letter "E" on the near hip.

(e) The number and destination of animals  
should, on their arrival at Halfa, be notified to the  
Egyptian Government Sanitary Authorities, Cairo,  
by the owner, indicating whether they are for  
slaughtering or draught purposes.

(f) Castle, for slaughtering; besides Ghizet  
Market, they can be forwarded by rail direct  
to the following towns, viz.: —

Berl-Souk, Fayoum, Minieh, Asyout, Sohag,  
Karnak, Luxor, Assuan, where they should be kept  
under observation in the places indicated by the  
Local Agricultural Inspector in the districts mentioned.

(g) Castle, for draught purposes having completed  
6 days Quarantine, in accordance with article 1, (b)  
may be despatched to any station in Upper Egypt;  
permits therefor will be issued to owners of animals  
concerned with particular stations stated in their demand  
(vide article 8).

In the event of any outbreak of contagious  
diseases amongst the animals, subsequent to their  
leaving Halfa, the regulations adopted by the  
Quarantine Board and approved by the Egyptian  
Government must be strictly observed.

24765-8-6

17 et 18 septembre

Assau : vap. ang. de Kurnashes p. Hayre

Obi : vap. ang. de Salga p. Bordon

Negusse : vap. ang. de Kurnashes p. H.O.

Bow : vap. ang. Aorden p. Bombay

Eisenstadt : vap. ang. de Hamburg p. Kurnashes

Benes : vap. ang. de Londres p. Chine

Jave : vap. coll. d'Amsterdam p. Batavia

Elouanvar : vap. ang. de Calcutta p. Anvers

Hillock : vap. ang. de Kurnashes p. Liverpool

Armand Hebe : vap. franz. de Bombay p. Marsella

Adour : vap. franz. de Dunkerque p. Haiphong

Alicante : vap. esp. de Génova p. Manille

Ly : vap. ang. de Yokohama p. Marsella

El Remorquer : vap. esp. de Constantiopolis p. Bombay

Indras : vap. ang. de Madras p. P. O.

Colaco Prince : vap. ang. de Bassein p. Shanghai

Siam : vap. ang. de Bassein p. T. O.

Doktak : vap. ang. de Calcutta p. Constantinople

Delhi : vap. ang. de Singapour p. New York

Langoust : vap. ang. de Jave p. Dukowar

Bequeve : vap. ang. de Tissac p. Olympia

Alemon : vap. ang. de Rosario p. Dukowar

Dimas : vap. ang. de Singapour p. London

Pr. 5,480,811.70

19 et 20 septembre

Bornes : vap. ang. de Kiel p. Londres

Bastorfors : vap. ang. de Bremen p. Londres

Segeleien : vap. franz. de Marsella p. Londres

Hindswill : vap. ang. de New-York p. Kurnashes

Kromprins : vap. ang. de Durban p. Haiphong

City of Spezia : vap. ang. de Liverpool p. Calcutta

Talbotford : vap. ang. de Kurnashes p. Hull

Holme Eske : vap. coll. de Batavia p. Amsterdams

Princess Alice : vap. franz. de Brême p. Yokohama

Wagnat : vap. ang. de Port-Saint-Paul for Singapour

A. Lascousteville : vap. franz. de Dunkerque p. Bâle

Izon : vap. coll. de Batavia p. Amsterdam

Albergaria : vap. ang. de Rotterdam p. Port-Saint-Paul

Assaye : vap. ang. de Southampton p. Bombay

Knight Bachelor : vap. ang. de Barry p. Calcutta

Levins Ringers : v. sli. de Batavia p. Brême

Drapery : vap. ang. de Calcutta p. New York

Boris : vap. coll. de Rotterdam p. Batavia

Longdale : vap. ang. de Colombo p. Londres

Cale : vap. ang. de Génova p. Londres

Nevedor : vap. ang. de Batavia p. London

Maldivia : vap. ang. de Sydney p. London

14 et 15 octobre

Yates : vap. ang. de Kurnashes p. Hayre

K. Wilhelmina : vap. coll. de Batavia p. Amsterdam

Underwood : vap. ang. de Marsella p. Londres

Alberto Tresor : vap. ang. de Calcutta p. Venise

Irishwoman : vap. ang. de Liverpool p. Londres

Portuguese : vap. ang. de Marsella p. Londres

Prinses Irene : vap. ang. de Marsella p. Londres

Prinses Juliana : vap. ang. de Marsella p. Londres

Prinses Wilhelmina : vap. ang. de Marsella p. Londres

Prinses Beatrix : vap. ang. de Marsella p. Londres

Prinses Margriet : vap. ang. de Marsella p. Londres

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